Building a Regret-free Foundation for your Data Factory

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Getting started with Azure Data Factory and not sure what you don’t know?

Agenda

Top Regrets

Poor resource organization in Azure

Lack of naming conventions

Inappropriate use of version control

Tedious, manual deployments

No/inconsistent key vault usage

Misunderstanding integration runtimes

Underutilizing parameterization

Lack of comments and documentation

No established pipeline design patterns

Resource Organization

Separating environments

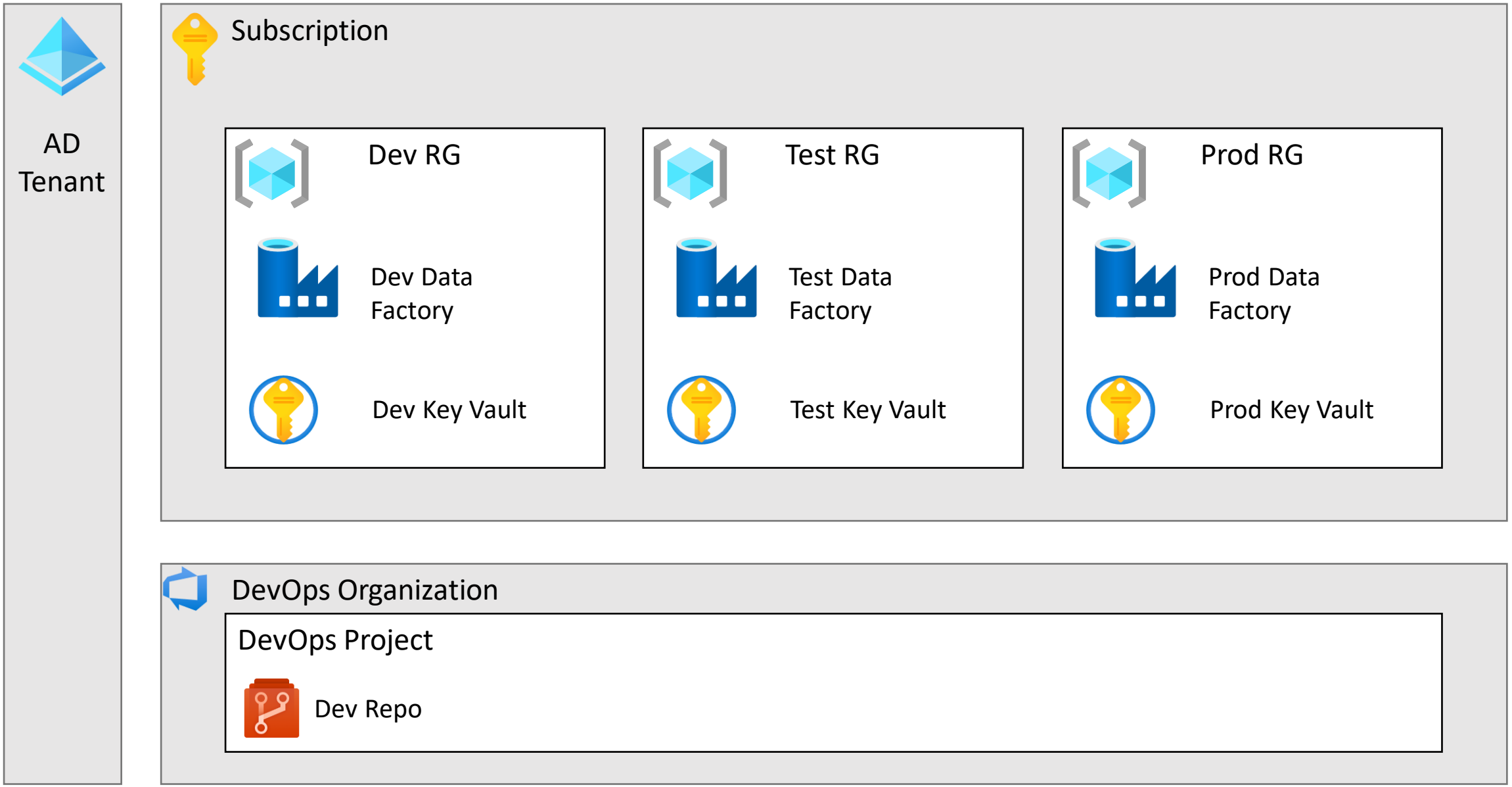
Resource Organization

You need separate data factories and key vaults for each environment

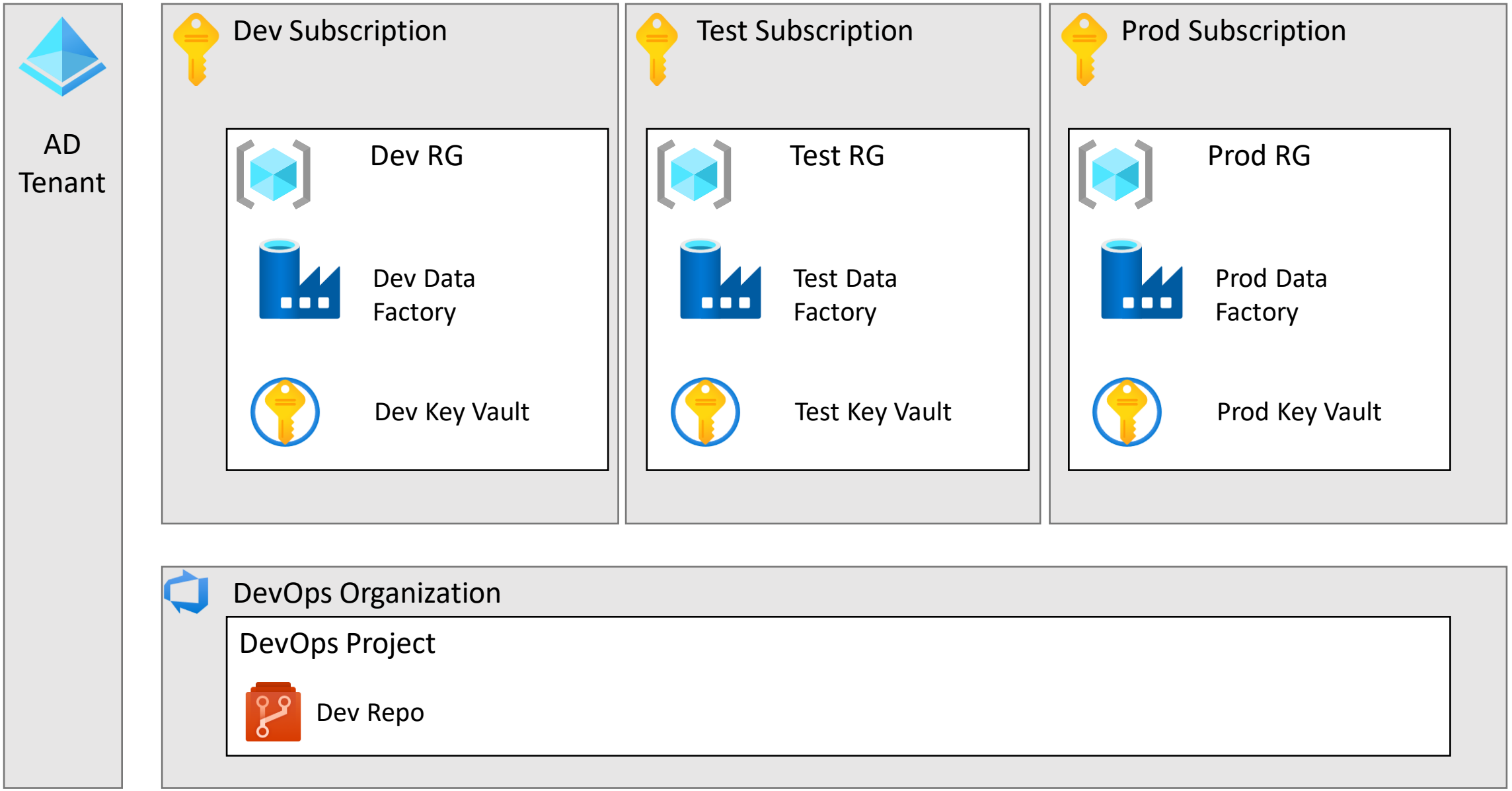
Common containers for separation:

- Resource Groups
- Subscriptions
- Tenants

Option 1: Separate Resource Groups



Option 2: Separate Subscriptions



Naming Conventions

Naming Conventions

Two levels of naming conventions

Azure resources

Data Factory artifacts

Naming Azure resources

Naming scopes and requirements

Naming components

Example naming convention:

<resource type><workload/application><environment>

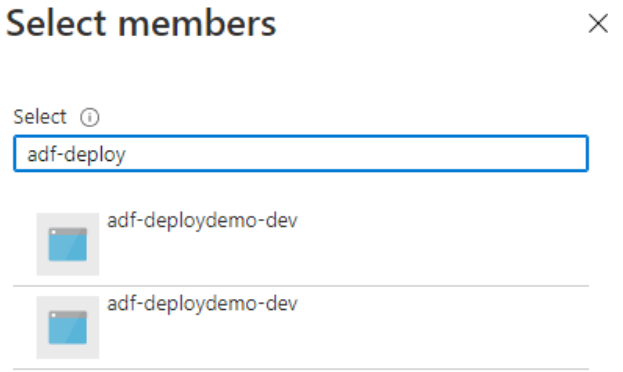
<resource type><workload/application><environment><Azure region><instance>

Make resource names unique

Managed identities assume the name of the resource

Non-unique resource names cause confusion with access management and PowerShell/CLI

Name	Type
adf-deploydemo-dev	Data factory (V2)
adf-deploydemo-dev	SQL server
adf-deploydemo-dev (adf-deploydemo-dev/adf-deploydemo-dev)	SQL database




```
PS /home/meagan> Get-AzResource -Name 'adf-deploydemo-dev' | ft

Name                                  ResourceGroupName ResourceType                    Location
----                                  ----------------- ------------                    --------
adf-deploydemo-dev                    ADFDeployDemoDev  Microsoft.DataFactory/factories northcentralus
adf-deploydemo-dev                    ADFDeployDemoDev  Microsoft.Sql/servers           northcentralus
adf-deploydemo-dev/adf-deploydemo-dev ADFDeployDemoDev  Microsoft.Sql/servers/databases northcentralus
```

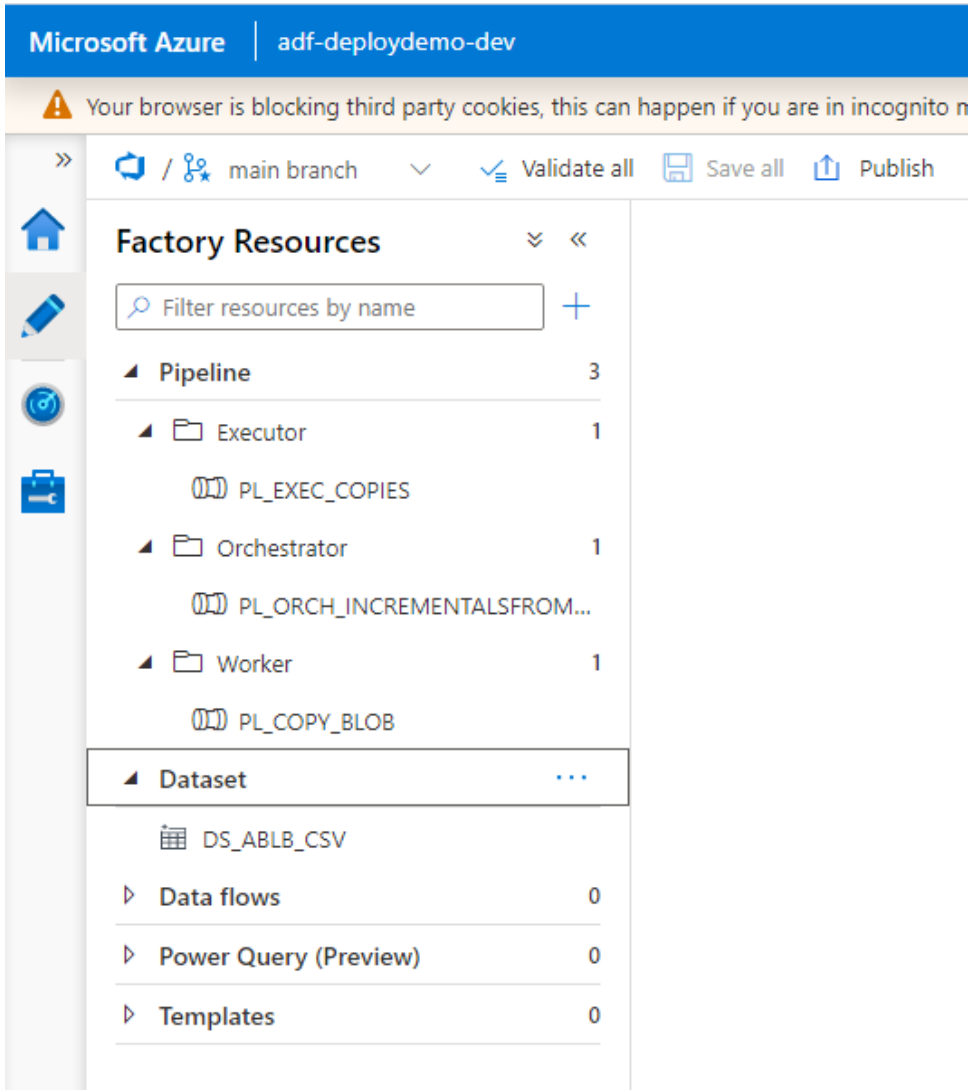
Naming Data Factory artifacts

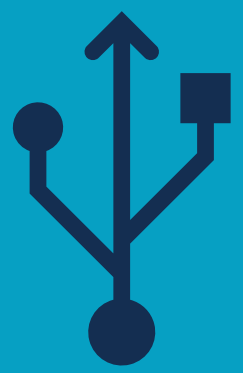
Use abbreviations for artifact type:

- PL – pipeline
- DS – dataset
- LS – linked service

- Pipelines should indicate what they do (copy, transform, execute SSIS)
- Datasets and linked service names should indicate type and subject of data

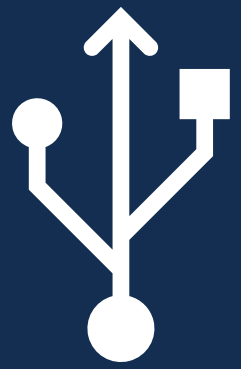
Artifact naming example





Version Control

DevOps Configuration



Version Control

One project

One repo connected to development factory

Consequences for multiple repos

Connecting multiple factories to the same repo doesn’t work well

Branching

Permanent branches: main, integration

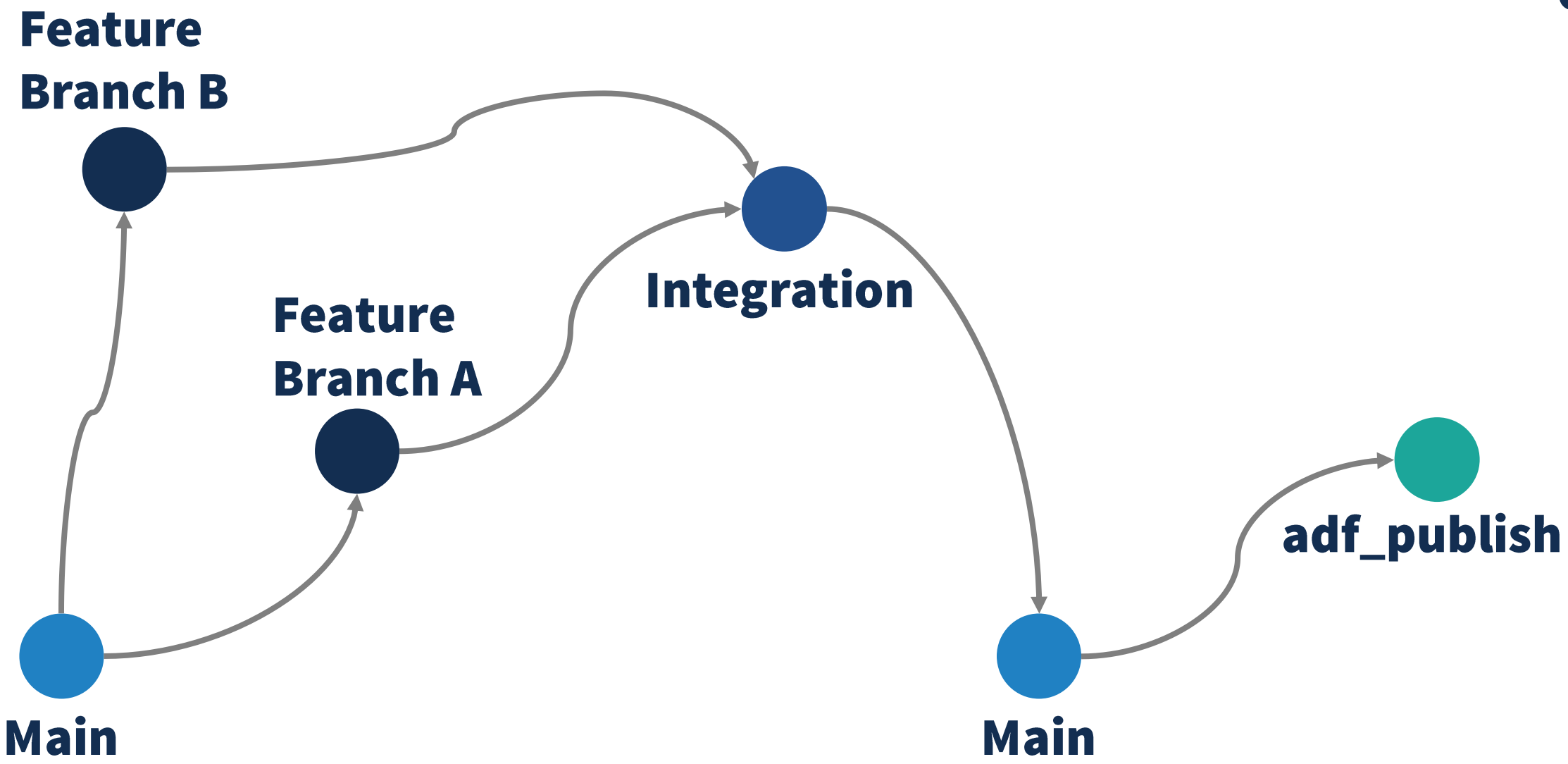
Developers should work in short-lived feature branches

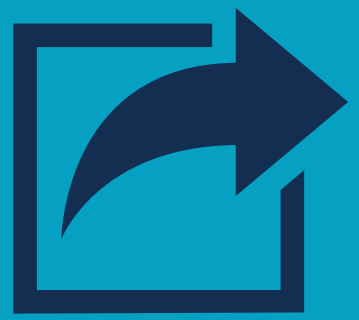
After unit testing, developers merge to integration

After integration testing, pull request to main

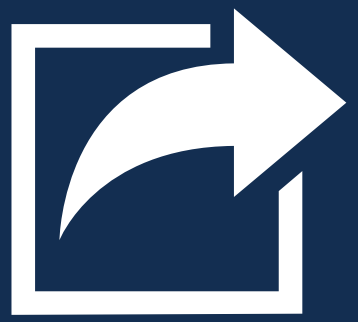
Main should always contain code that is ready to be deployed to the next environment

Branching and publish example





Deployment



Deployment

Ways to deploy

Copy JSON files

ARM template

PowerShell/CLI

DevOps pipeline

ARM templates

Deployment can be manual or automated

Use global parameters to change values for different environments

Requires that all ADF artifacts be deployed each time

Requires that parameterized elements are exposed in template parameters

DevOps pipeline with Deploy Data Factory

Azure DevOps and the Deploy Azure Data Factory by SQLPlayer extension (free)

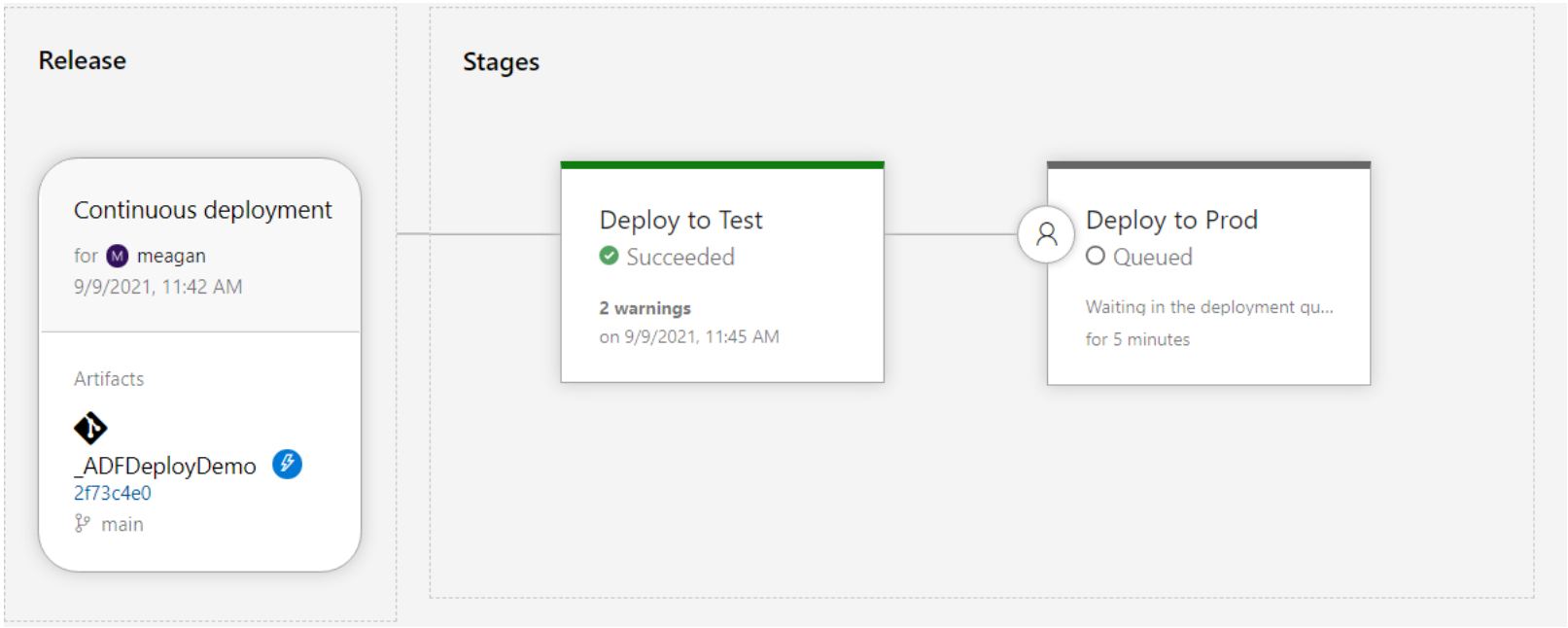
Use JSON files in designated branch in source control

Selective deployment

Config files stored as CSV

Choose whether to delete objects in target not in source

DevOps release pipeline



Key Vault

Store credentials in Azure Key Vault

Key Vault

Centralized, more secure

Use the AKV linked service or a web activity to retrieve credentials

Keeps linked service from being immediately published, stays with branch

Data Factory with Key Vault Demo

Edit linked service (Azure SQL Database)

To avoid publishing immediately to Data Factory, please use Azure Key Vault to retrieve secrets securely. Learn more here

Name *

LS_SQL_

Description

Connect via integration runtime *

AutoResolveIntegrationRuntime

Connection string | Azure Key Vault

Account selection method

From Azure subscription | Enter manually

Fully qualified domain name *

adf-deploydemo-dev.database.windows.net

Database name *

adf-deploydemo-dev

Authentication type *

SQL authentication

User name *

sqllogin

Password | Azure Key Vault

Password *

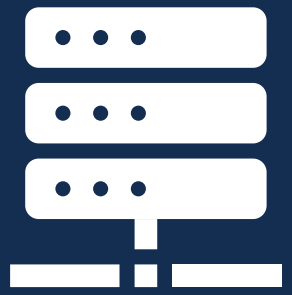
••••••••••

Always encrypted

Additional connection properties

+ New

Integration Runtimes



Integration Runtimes

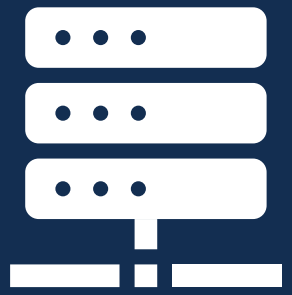
Types

Azure

Self-hosted

SSIS

Self-hosted integration runtimes



Integration Runtimes

Needed with any private network (even in Azure)

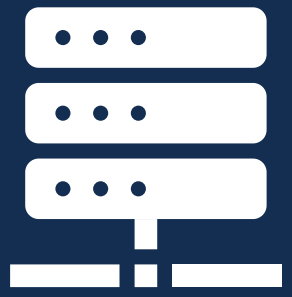
Give it the cores, RAM, hard drive space it needs

Share IRs for lower environments to save costs

Size appropriately for concurrent workloads when sharing

Make sure appropriate libraries are installed and updated

Azure integration runtime



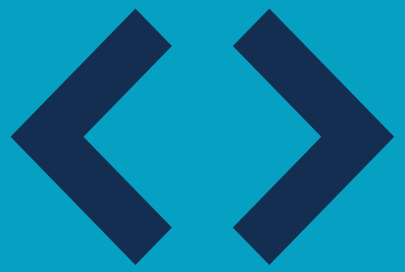
Integration Runtimes

Used for copy between cloud data stores and for data flows

Auto-scales based upon prescribed DIUs

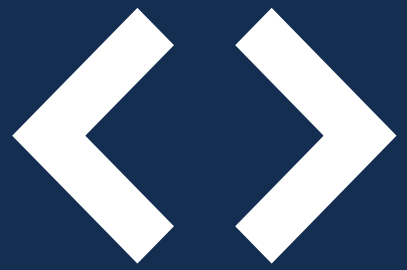
Provision your Azure IR so you are sure of the region and avoid data egress charges

Be sure to set TTL when using data flows



Parameterization

Parameterize your factory



Parameters

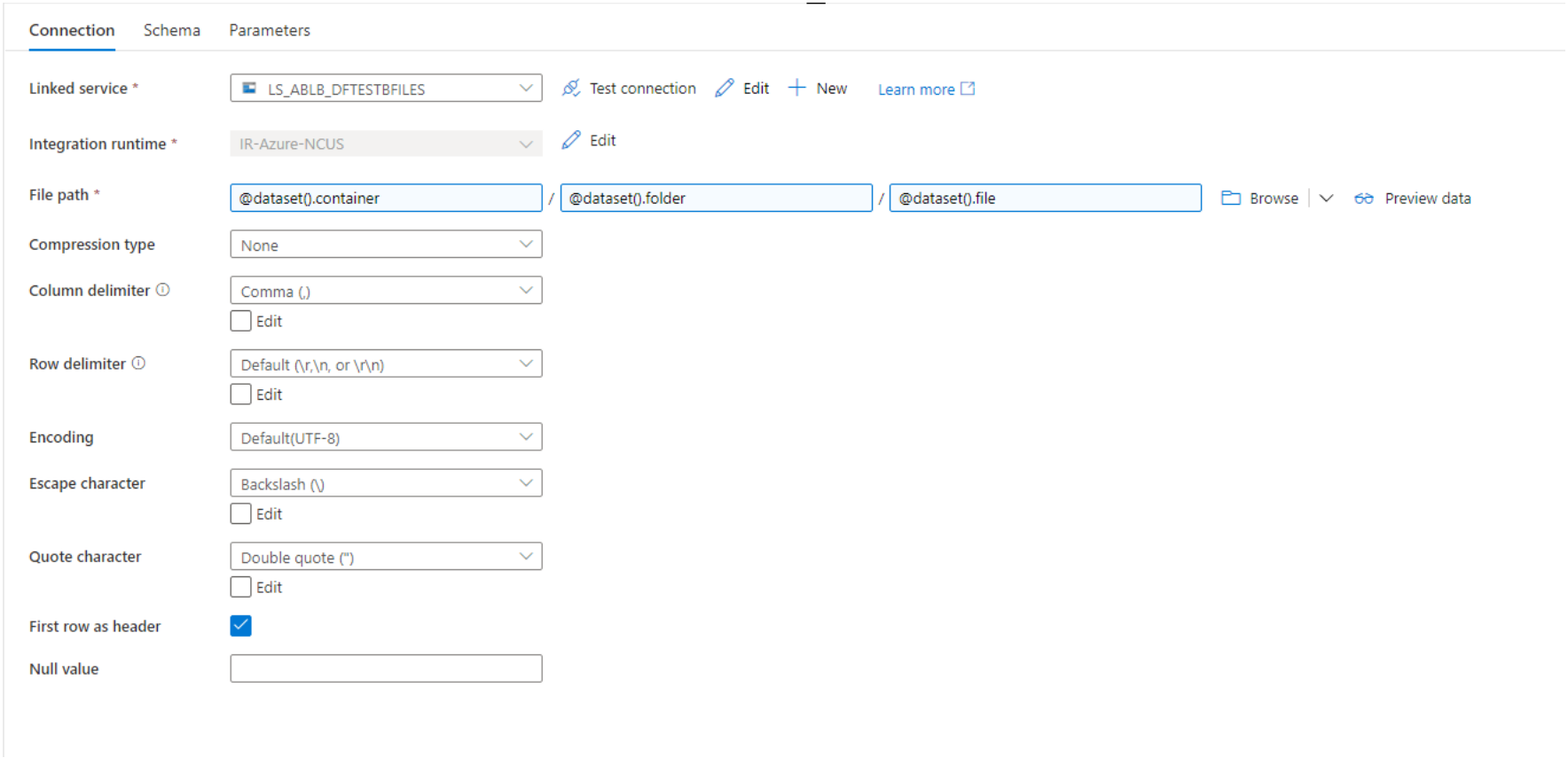
Global parameters

Pipeline parameters

Dataset parameters

Linked service parameters

Parameterizing datasets



Comments & Documentation

Document in your code

Documentation

Not possible to comment the json code behind pipelines

Built-in features to provide notes:

- Pipeline description
- Activity description
- Linked service description
- Integration runtime description
- Annotations
- User properties

Additional Documentation

Documentation

Use the wiki in your DevOps project

Document large commits/releases

Design Patterns

Data Factory design patterns

Design Patterns

Pipeline hierarchies

Dependencies and error handling

Pipeline hierarchies

Make your pipelines reusable to the extent practical

Common to have 3 – 4 layers of pipelines

Orchestrator

Executor

Worker

Utility

Dependencies and Error Handling

Ensure you have retries set to handle transient errors

Set timeouts so you don’t have activities stuck for days

Log errors in a way that makes the info easily usable – send data to Log Analytics and/or another database

Understand when a pipeline fails and plan notifications accordingly

ADFStatus.pdf

Final Comments

Helpful Resources

Azure Cloud Adoption Framework: https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/cloud-adoption-framework/ready/azure-best-practices/resource-naming

Data Factory naming convention: https://erwindekreuk.com/2019/04/azure-data-factory-naming-conventions/

Pipeline hierarchies: https://mrpaulandrew.com/2019/09/25/azure-data-factory-pipeline-hierarchies-generation-control/

ADF tools from SQL Player: https://sqlplayer.net/adftools/

Activity failures and pipeline outcomes: https://datasavvy.me/2021/02/18/azure-data-factory-activity-failures-and-pipeline-outcomes/

Set up your data factory for success

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